1. Identification

Product identifier: 295 Kel-Bond Universal Primer

Other means of identification:
- Product code: 295-100
- Recommended use: Architectural Coating
- Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information:
- Company name: Kelly-Moore Paint Co., Inc.
- Address: 1390 El Camino Real, Third Floor
  San Carlos, CA 94070, USA
- Email: TAlvarez@kellymoore.com
- Contact person: Tiffany Alvarez Gonda
- Telephone: 1-800-874-4436
- Emergency telephone: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards:
- Not classified.

Health hazards:
- Sensitization, skin Category 1
- Carcinogenicity (inhalation) Category 2
- Reproductive toxicity Category 2

OSHA defined hazards:
- Not classified.

Label elements:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statement:
- Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- Response: If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Storage: Store locked up.
- Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):
- None known.

Supplemental information:
- None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>&lt; 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>1332-58-7</td>
<td>&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chemical name and CAS numbers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trimethylolpropane</td>
<td>77-99-6</td>
<td>&lt; 0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>2682-20-4</td>
<td>&lt; 0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</td>
<td>26172-55-4</td>
<td>&lt; 0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All concentrations are in percent by weight (kg) unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume (l).

### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**
If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

**Skin contact**
Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

**Eye contact**
Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Ingestion**
May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

**Fire fighting equipment/instructions**
Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Specific methods**
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

**General fire hazards**
No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing dust. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50 mppcf</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mppcf</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Skin protection**

**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

**Thermal hazards**

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Milky white to colored liquid.

Physical state
Liquid.

Form
Liquid.

Color
Various.

Odor
Slightly ammoniacal.

Odor threshold
Not available.

pH
7 - 10

Melting point/freezing point
Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range
Not available.

Flash point
Not available.

Evaporation rate
< 1 (n-BuAc=1)

Flammability (solid, gas)
Not applicable.

Vapor pressure
Not available.

Vapor density
> 1 (Air=1)

Relative density
Not available.

Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water)
Moderately soluble

Partition coefficient
(n-octanol/water)
Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.

Decomposition temperature
Not available.

Viscosity
Not available.

Other information
Explosive properties
Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties
Not oxidizing.

VOC
84.066 g/L

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid
Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products
Carbon oxides. Metal oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion
May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
Acute toxicity

Not expected to be acutely toxic.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)**

**Acute**

Dermal
LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Inhalation
LC50 Rat > 2 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral
LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

**Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)**

**Acute**

Oral
LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization
Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens
Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)
Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not classified.

Aspiration hazard
Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects
Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)**

**Aquatic**

Acute
Crustacea LC50 Daphnia magna > 1.1 g/l, 48 Hours

**Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)**

**Aquatic**

Acute
Crustacea EC50 Daphnia magna > 100 mg/l, 48 Hours

Fish LL50 Oryzias latipes > 100 mg/l, 96 Hours
Components Test Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td>LC50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**
No data available.

**Mobility in soil**
The product is water soluble and may spread in water systems.

**Other adverse effects**
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations**
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code**
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products**
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging**
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

**DOT**
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IATA**
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG**
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not established.

### 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations**
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**
- 2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (CAS 2682-20-4) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.
- 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (CAS 26172-55-4) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**
- Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2) Listed.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**
Not regulated.

Not listed.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)**
All components on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active" or are exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**
- **SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**
  - Not listed.
- **SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical**
  - Yes
  - **Classified hazard categories**
    - Respiratory or skin sensitization
    - Carcinogenicity
    - Reproductive toxicity
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>% by wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
1,4-Dioxane (CAS 123-91-1) Listed: January 1, 1988
Acetaldehyde (CAS 75-07-0) Listed: April 1, 1988
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: February 27, 1987
Cumene (CAS 98-92-8) Listed: April 1, 2010
Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2) Listed: April 1, 1988
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004
Ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: July 1, 1987
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Listed: January 1, 1988
Methyloxirane (CAS 75-56-9) Listed: October 1, 1988
Silica, Crystalline (airborne particles of respirable size) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997
Ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: August 7, 2009
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin
Ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: February 27, 1987

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997
Ethylene oxide (CAS 75-21-8) Listed: August 7, 2009

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 14-July-2021
HMIS® ratings

Health: 2*
Flammability: 1
Physical hazard: 0

Disclaimer

Kelly-Moore Paint Co., Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.